Federal Funding Opportunities for Livestock Farmers January 17, 2023

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Michael Fields Agricultural Institute helps rural and urban farms and agricultural communities in Wisconsin and beyond be healthy environmentally, economically,

Today's Workshop:

- Designing Sound Projects
- Identifying Possible Funding
- Grantwriting Basics

Start by Designing Sound Projects

Designing Sound Projects

Some questions to ask:

What problem (or opportunity) are you addressing?
 What are your goals and measurable objectives?

• Have <u>others</u>, <u>addressed this problem</u>? What can you learn from their work?

• <u>Who else</u> might care about your problem? Should they be involved in your project?

 What's your <u>main strategy</u> to address your problem? (among several options)

Designing Sound Projects

Other questions to ask:

- What's a realistic project timeline?
- What <u>resources (people, \$\$, materials)</u> does your project require? (Which do you already have?)
- Who else needs to know about your project?
 What's the best way to reach that audience?
- How will you <u>measure</u> and <u>evaluate</u> your project's outcomes?

Building Sustainable Farms, Ranches, and Communities

https://attra.ncat.org/product/buildingsustainable-farms-ranches-and-communities/

Building Sustainable Farms, Ranches and Communities



A GUEDE TO FEDERAL PROGRAMS for Sustainable Agriculture, Forestry, Entreprenenarship, Conservation, Food Systems, and Community Development





Also, the National Sustainable Agriculture Coalition's

Grassroots Guide to Federal Farm and Food Programs

https://sustainableagriculture.net/publications/grassrootsguide/

Use <u>www.grants.gov</u> to get notified about fed'l programs:

- <u>Click on "Connect" on the top bar. Then, under "Manage Subscriptions,"</u> click on "Subscribe to Saved Searches."
- <u>Click on the "Add Saved Search" button on the right side of the window,</u> which will provide several options for getting notices.
- You may <u>select among</u> categories of programs, categories of eligible applicants, and categories of agencies.
- You should begin to receive notices of the kinds of programs you asked for. If you have any problems, call their help line, which is available 24/7 at 1-800-518-4726.

Identifying Possible Funding Other Resources

- Libraries, Extension, Networking, Internet:
- Grassroots Guide to Federal Farm and Food Programs, National Sustainable Agriculture Coalition
- http://sustainableagriculture.net/publications/grassroots guide
- **USDA Agriculture Marketing Service:**
- https://www.ams.usda.gov/services/grants
- **USDA NRCS Program Resources:**
- http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detailfull/
- national/programs/?cid=stelprdb1048817#sthash.gXsyBc wh.dpuf

 <u>Think creatively</u> and broadly about your project's needs. Can multiple types of assistance be useful?

 <u>Identify programs</u> whose purposes and available resources seem m<u>ost suitable</u> to your purposes. Consider a program by answering the following questions:

Finding Possible Funding: ?s

 Would your project <u>advance a program's stated</u> mission and goals? And vice versa...

 Is the program's <u>form of assistance</u> appropriate to your needs?

 How big is its <u>funding pool</u>? What's the <u>average</u> amount and duration of grants?

 Is funding available up-front or (more typically) only on a <u>reimbursement basis?</u>

• What are <u>eligibility requirements</u>, financial <u>match</u> requirements, and <u>restrictions</u> on a program's use?

 Are a program's application <u>deadlines and funding</u> <u>timeframes</u> suited to your needs? Does the program fund <u>multi-year projects</u>?

 Do <u>past grantees</u> feel that a program's reporting <u>requirements are reasonable</u> and that the program is well-administered?

How to answer all those questions:

- <u>Read the RFP!</u> (or MOSA, or NOSA, or RFA, etc.) on website, from linkages from <u>www.grants.gov</u>, etc.
- Participate in webinars for potential applicants.
- Call the program staff. Contact info is on their website and on the RFP.
- For some questions, ask past grantees

Basic Grantwriting:

Sound Practices A Few Things to Avoid **Commonly Requested Attachments Getting Help**

Basic Grantwriting: Sound Practices: BE ORGANIZED

- Start early!! You'll need more <u>time</u> than you expect.
- Read the RFP <u>at least 3X. Follow its instructions.</u>
- Use an outline to keep it logical
- Break your work into sections so it's not scary.
- Use the RFP's checklist; if none exists, make your own.

Proposal Component	Word Count	Who	When	Notes
Cover	Autofilled from Prepre	roposal		
Project Summary	249/400 words			
Project Objectives/Outcomes	100/100 words			AR added notes, consider focusing on the outcomes fo
Background Rationale and Need	300/2000 words	Joan	3/2	2 Working draft available
Approach and Methods	449/2000 words	Joan	2/19	Ready for 2nd review
Outputs	250 words	Bob	2/26	5
Outreach	400 words	Bob		Making this orange, becuase I do not feel it is complete
Evaluation Plan	500 words	Ariane	3/2	2 It's outlined, but I need to fill in some details based on c
Untitled Question (Logic Model)	1,000 words in table	Bob/Joan		Again, I don't think we can totally check this off, but we'
Team Experience and Roles	1500 words	Mary	2/26	5
Response to Reviewers	400 words	Bob	2/19	Includes 2021 pre-proposal review comments
Past Current and Pending Support	Spreadsheet	everyone	3/2	2 Each Major Participant
Letters Verifying Participation		Bob/Joan	3/2	2 Each major participant/subcontractor/farmer
Animal Care/Human Subjects Docu	umentn	Joan	3/2	2 Can be done later, if proposal approved
Impact on Sust Ag in NCR				
Economic	74/75 words			
Environmental	72/75 words			
Social	75/75 words			
-		1272		

Basic Grantwriting Sound Practices: BE CLEAR

- Use <u>clear, simple</u> <u>language</u> to be readable.
- Explain how your proposal advances the RFP's goals.
- Be precise, <u>accurate</u>; don't exaggerate.
- <u>Develop your proposal's</u> small team of collaborators.
- Have a trusted colleague review: <u>Is it clear? Logical?</u>
- <u>Be sure your budget is accurate, clear, and</u> <u>accompanied by a budget narrative</u>, if needed.



Basic Grantwriting: Sound Practices: BE STRATEGIC

- For letters of support, offer thinking points or even a draft for their authors (but don't make them all alike)
- Make sure you understand the review process; know the point values of each section of the proposal.
- Identify the weakest aspects of your proposal and give yourself time to fix them.



Basic Grantwriting Sound Practices: PAY ATTENTION TO DETAILS

- Follow the format exactly.
- Get matching funds, named partners, signatures lined up.
- Be willing to <u>readjust your proposal</u> for each program to which you submit it.
- Submit well in advance of the deadline.

Basic Grantwriting: Electronic Submissions

Plan enough time (4-6 weeks) to register through www.grants.gov – A few easy extra steps

- If submitting as an individual, register as an individual.
- If submitting for an organization, first register that organization through <u>www.grants.gov</u>:
 - Obtain a DUNS number and
- Register w/ System for Award Management (SAM)
 Submit your proposal through <u>www.grants.gov</u> early at least a few days ahead of deadline to avoid delays.

Basic Grantwriting: A Few Things To Avoid

- Don't include materials not requested.
- Don't exaggerate; be precise, accurate.
- Don't assume that the expectations of one program will be like another. If you're not sure, ask.
- <u>Don't be discouraged!</u> If you're turned down by a program, find out why before writing another.

Basic Grantwriting: Typical Grant Application Format

Project Summary: What are you going to do and why?

Need: What are your project's goal(s), and objectives, and what facts support them? **Approach** Method : What steps do you plan to take to reach the goal(s)? **Time Line/Workplan:** How long will each step require? **Organizational Mission : Tell your story.** Why are you a great candidate to fund? **Personnel Credentials**: List the key staff, their skills, education and experience. **Budget:** What will this cost– by Expense Category, by Objectives? What non-fed'l match (cash, in-kind) can you contribute? Use a **budget narrative to clarify details**. **Communication/Outreach**: To whom and how will you communicate about your work?

Evaluation: How will you measure your progress toward goals and objectives? How will you gather the data?

Basic Grantwriting

COMMONLY REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS

This standard information should be submitted at the same time as the completed proposal. Not to do so may disqualify your request.

- **1. Support/Commitment letters**
- 2. Complete list of the organization's officers and directors.

3. The organization's actual income and expense statement for the past fiscal year, identifying the organization's principal sources of support.

4. The organization's projected income and expense budget for the <u>current</u> fiscal year, identifying the projected revenue sources.

Basic Grantwriting

COMMONLY REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS (CONT'D)

5. The organization's most recent audited financial statement including notes and IRS Form 990.

6. Copies of the IRS federal tax exemption determination letters.

7. **Program Budget** (multi-year if applicable). *NOT required for general operating requests.*

8. Agency/Organization Annual Report

9. For Federal grants, an assortment of other matters, e.g., "Current and Pending Support," "Conflicts of Interest," Non-drug workplace, etc.

Basic Grantwriting: Getting Help

- Participate in programs' explanatory webinars
- If you've read the RFP 3X, and still have questions, call the program staff
- Find resources available to help you:
 - find funding possibilities librarians
 - review your proposal friends, colleagues,

Extension, local development agency, etc.

Challenges with <u>www.grants.gov</u> – call help line
 1-800-518-4726

Additional resources to help you:

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MFAI's website offers numerous documents to support your grantwriting.

https://www.michaelfields.org/grants-advising-

<u>resources</u>

These include:

- How to design projects, identify funding prospects, and successfully write grants
- Grant-writing Basics and Tups
- Strategies for writing budgets for federal grants
- Electronic Submission
- Powerpoints such as this one

Additional resources to help you:

MFAI also offers free grants advising in the Midwest, especially for underserved farmers and other stakeholders – or groups assisting them. Email grants@michaelfields.org.

But anyone, anywhere can sign up for MFAI's grants notices by sending an email to the same address.

Questions?